UNIVERSITY | TECHMED OF TWENTE. | CENTRE

THE SHAPING A TECHMED HEALTHY EVENT FUTURE

11:00 – 12:15| From novelty to application: translating medical technologies | Dr. R.G. Pleijhuis



DISCLOSURE SLIDE

Potential conflicts of interest



Co-founder and CMO of medical prediction platform 'Evidencio'

How it al started...



In daily clinical pratice, a tangle of decision support tools was/is used, sometimes even with conflicting results.



Steep increase in prediction algorithms



The current focus is on developing new clinical prediction algorithms rather than implementing those already existing.

Lack of:

- Validation
- Standardization
- Scalability
- Integration
- MDR compliance



Medical device regulation (MDR)



Clinical algorithms *must* be **CE-certified** prioir to *general* use

CE-certification is often considered challenging:



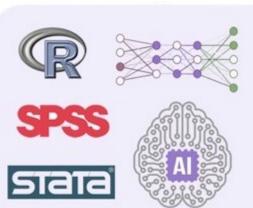
Alternative for CE-certification for local application



'In-house development'

- Only use within own institution is permitted
- No CE-certified alternative available on the market

Extensive evaluation/technical file still required!



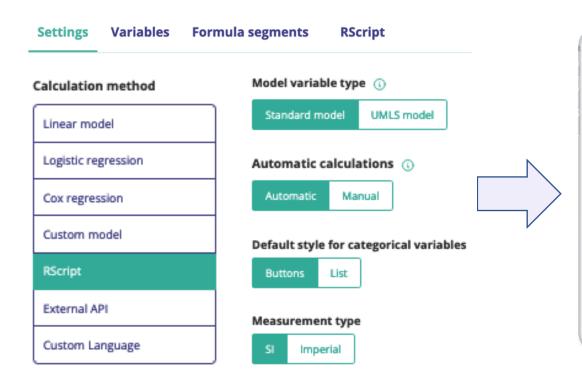
Algorithm development
$$P = \frac{e^{(\beta + \alpha_1 X_1 + \dots + \alpha_n X_n)}}{1 + e^{(\beta + \alpha_1 X_1 + \dots + \alpha_n X_n)}}$$

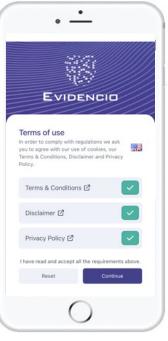


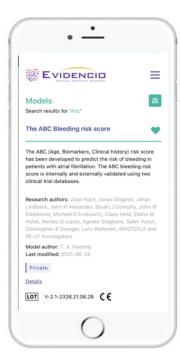
Standardized algorithm creation

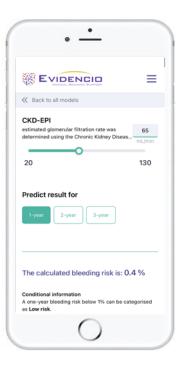


Evidencio offers tools for researchers to create functional prediction algorithms in a standardized manner.











External validation of algorithms



Evidencio's web-based validation module allows for high-throughput assessment of prediction algorithm performance.

Show valid	dation data as:												
Validation Values		Model Labels ①						Clear data					
<i>*</i>	Preoperative Micro	Preope Celcifica.	Preope Pative N.	Patine r.	Densig	Suspice	ion of m.	Present en recep.	Histor Of DC.	History Collegical tr.	1081CA1 81.	Outcome	Tobabilis
1	No	Absent	Negati	T1	25-50%	Non-P	Yes	Positive	Present	Ductal	Elston II	Negati	0.5319
2	No	Present	Positive	T1	0-25%	Non-P	Yes	Negati	Present	Ductal	Elston II	Positiv	0.5302
3	No	Absent	Negati	T1	25-50%	Palpa	Yes	Positive	Present	Ductal	Elston	Positiv	0.5194
4	No	Absent	Negati	T2	50-75%	Non-P	Yes	Negati	Present	Ductal	Elston II	Negati	0.5054
5	No	Present	Negati	T2	0-25%	Palpa	Yes	Negati	Present	Ductal	Elston	Negati	0.4518
6	No	Present	Negati	T2	50-75%	Palpa	No	Positive	Present	Ductal	Elston	Positiv	0.4397
7	Yes	Present	Negati	T2	75-10	Palpa	Yes	Negati	Absent	Lobular	Elston	Negati	0.4363
8	No	Present	Negati	T1	25-50%	Non-P	No	Positive	Present	Ductal	Elston I	Positiv	0.3376
9	No	Absent	Negati	T1	50-75%	Palpa	Yes	Negati	Present	Ductal	Elston	Negati	0.4226
10	No	Absent	Negati	T1	50-75%	Palpa	Yes	Negati	Present	Ductal	Elston	Negati	0.4226
11	Yes	Present	Negati	T2	50-75%	Non-P	Yes	Negati	Present	Ductal	Elston I	Positiv	0.4172
12	No	Absent	Negati	T2	50-75%	Palna	Yes	Negati	Present	Ductal	Fiston II	Positiv	0.4037





Compliance with European law



Evidencio enables cost-effective and time-efficient CE-certification of (pooled) prediction algorithms through:

- Standardization
- Established QMS
- Reuse of platform components









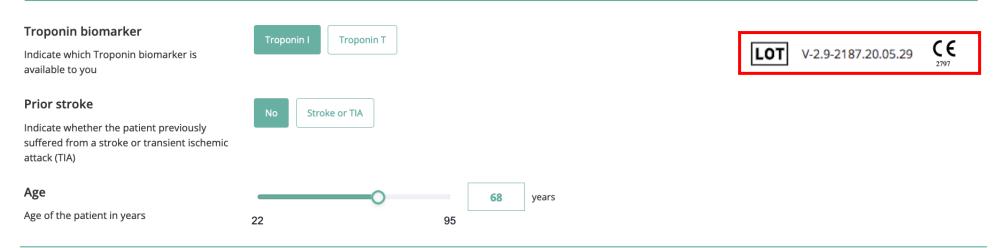
CE-certification of clinical algorithms



ABC RISK SCORE: 1-YEAR STROKE RISK

The ABC (Age, Biomarkers, Clinical history) risk score has been developed to predict the risk of stroke or systemic embolism in patients with atrial fibrillation. The ABC stroke risk score is internally and externally validated using two clinical trial databases.





The risk of stroke or systemic embolism is: 1.7 %

See details below.

Conditional information

The patient can be classified as **medium risk** for stroke or systemic embolism.

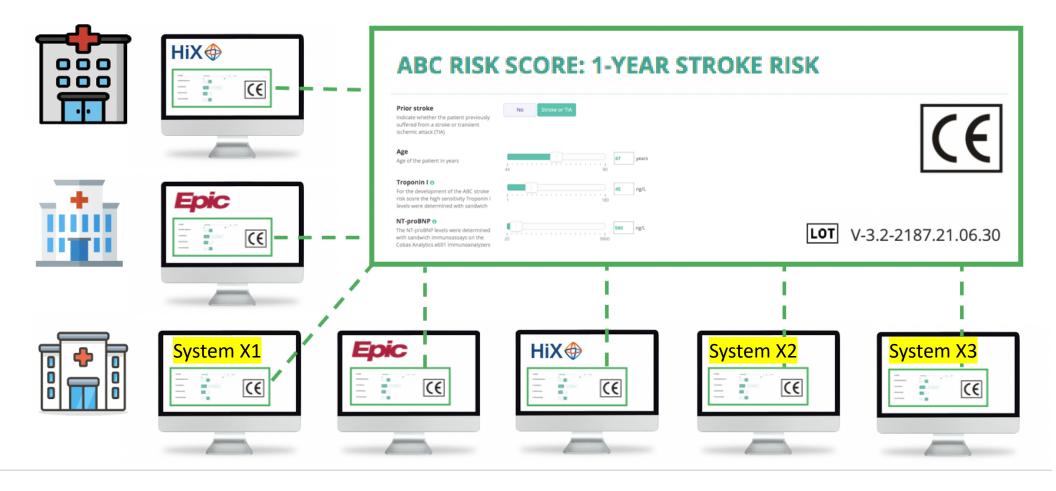
The ABC stroke risk score has been developed and validated on data from patients who have all undergone anticoagulation treatment. It is uncertain whether, and by how much the risk of stroke could increase if the patient did not receive anticoagulant treatment.



Algorithm integration in EHR systems



API-based integration of CE-marked algorithms in multiple hospitals.



Efficiency & cost reduction through standardization

	ISO-13485 certified QMS	NEN-7510 & ISO-27001	Setting up technical file	Assessment by Notified Body		Post-market surveillance	Periodic audits	Algorithm maintenance
DIY	000	000	000	000	000	00	00	000
Evidencio	-	-	00			C		



DIY	€€€	€€€	€€€	€€€€	€€€	€€	€€	€€
Evidencio	-	-	€€	€€	€	•	€	•

Take home messages: what to consider?



Ask yourself the question if:

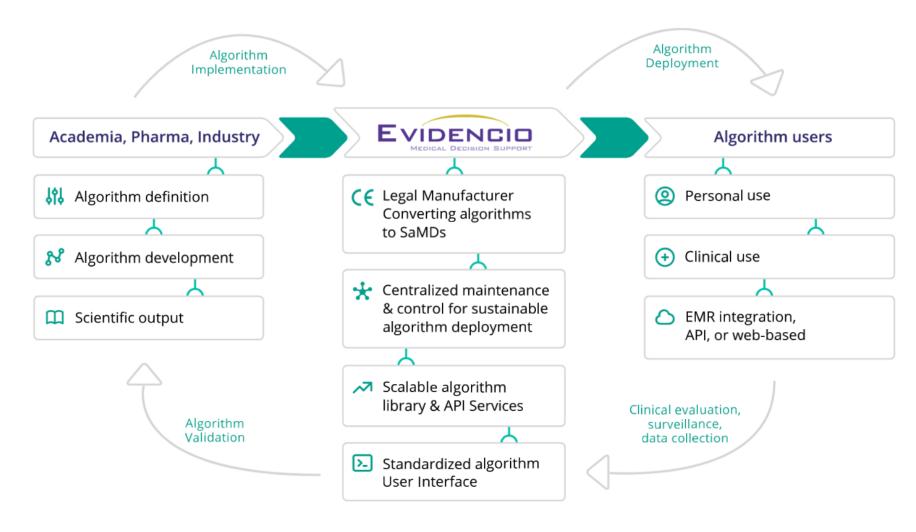
- ... your algorithm qualifies as a medical device (MDR)
- ... your algorithm will be applied outside your institution (CE needed?)
- ... additional studies are needed to back up your medical claims
- ... you are comfortable with being legally liable in case of unexpected outcomes

Other considerations:

- Choose your intended use/medical claims wisely
- Think about ways how to distribute and implement your algorithm
- Save time and money by using a standardized approach

Creating a standardized algorithm ecosystem





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Examples: when to comply to the MDR?



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